

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

START

SHAKOPEE ARGUS

FEB 14
1867

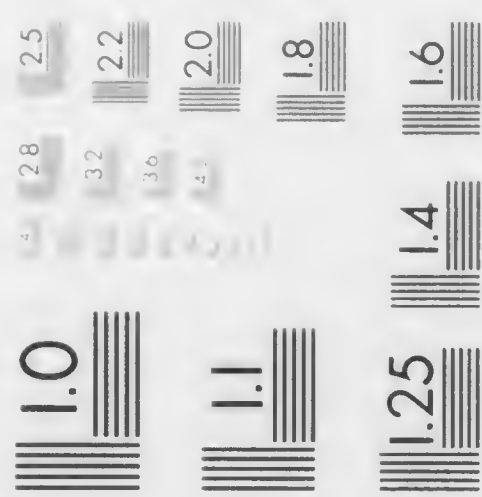
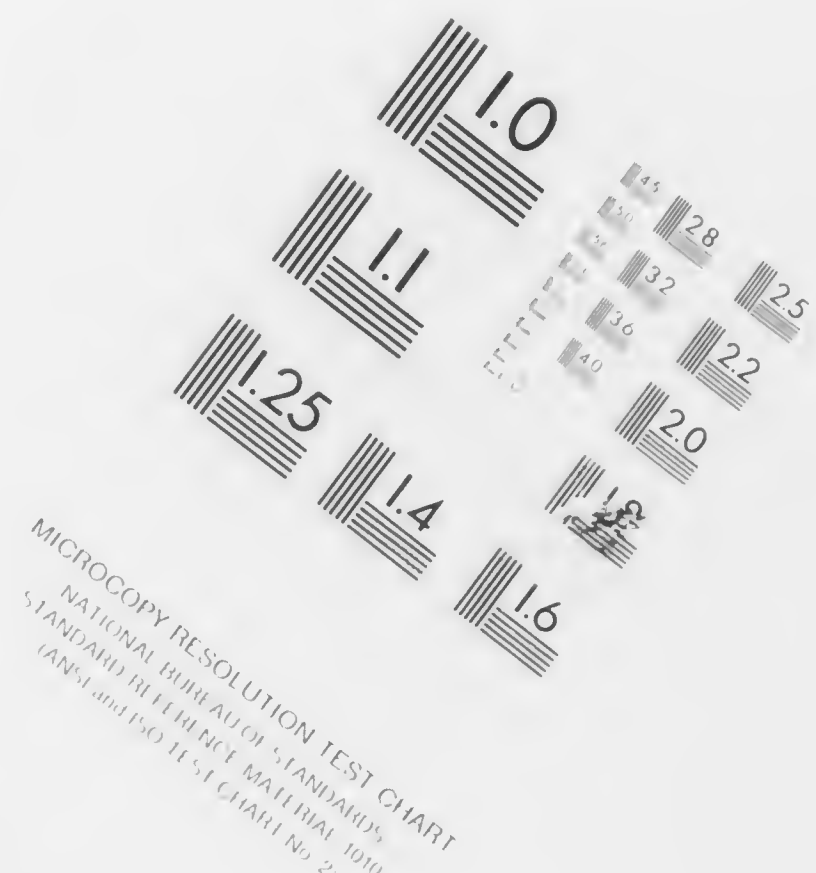
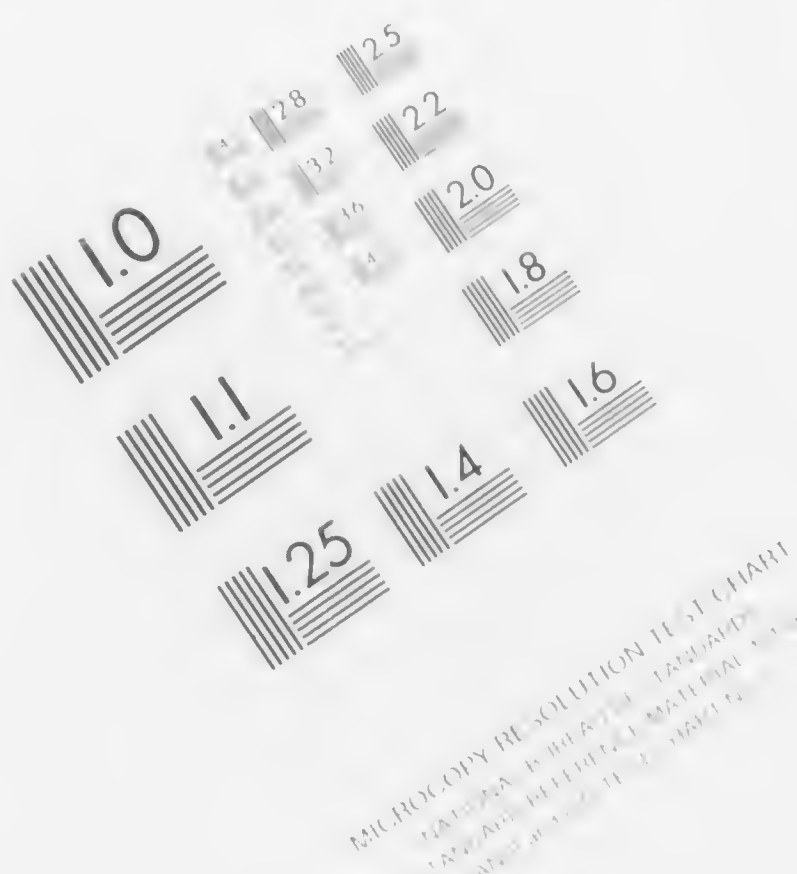
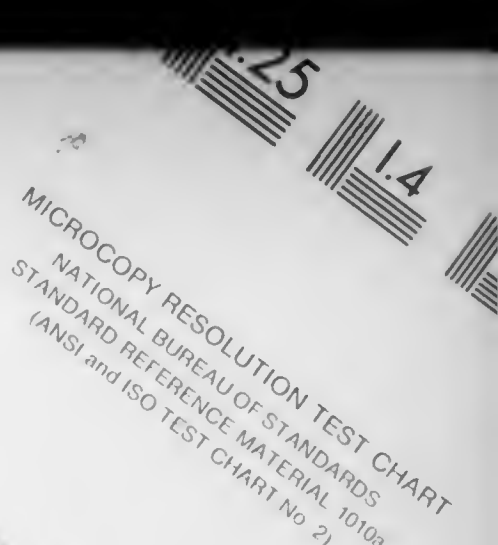
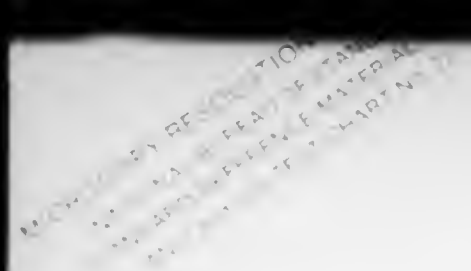
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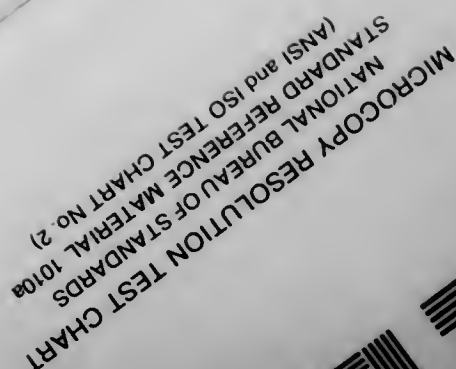
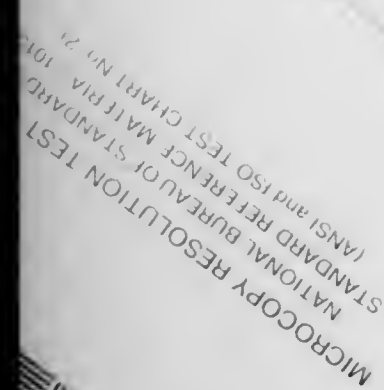
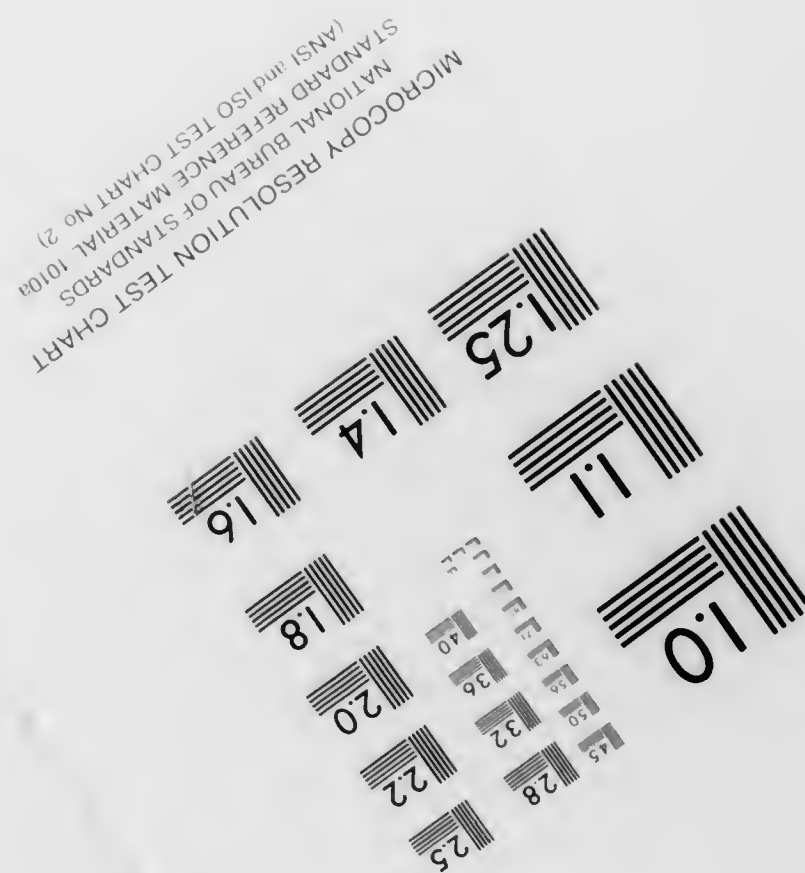
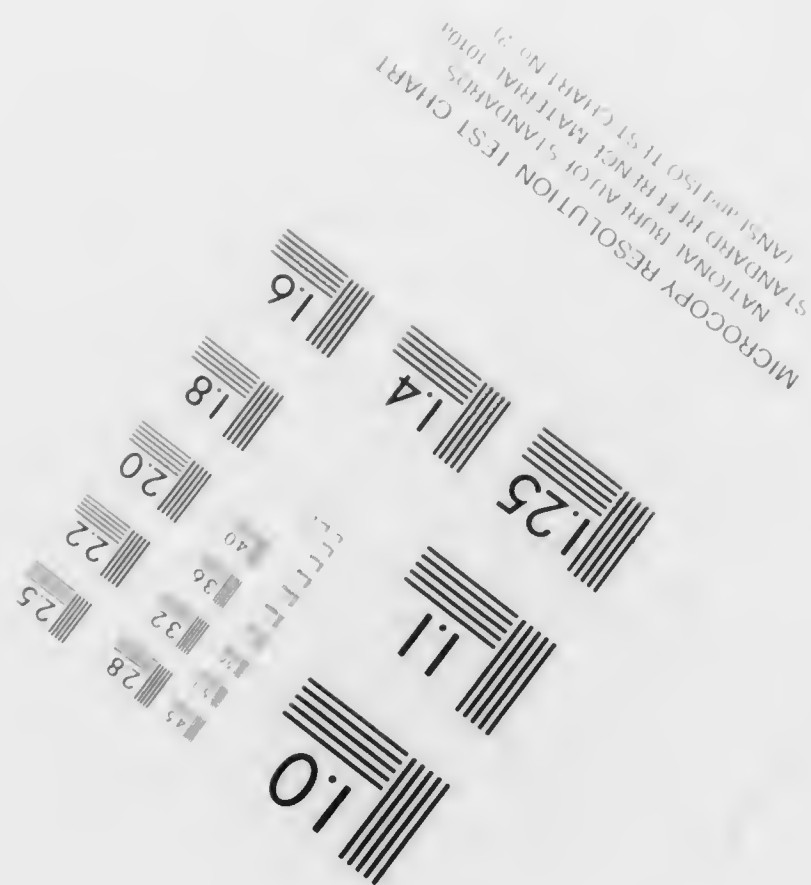
Title: Shakopee ARGUS		101-6-1990	
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Inclusive Dates:	Feb 14 1867	Jun 25 1868*	
Missing issues: Jan 23, Feb 6, Jun 11, 1868			
Originals held by: MHS <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Other <input type="checkbox"/>		Format: 1A <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 2B <input type="checkbox"/>	
Prepared by: Ann Marie Oliver		Date: Jun 8, 1990	Camera No. G2
Filmed by: KW(8/13) A.Oliver		Date: 8/6/68	No. Expos. 62
Reduction Ratio: 15		Voltmeter .16/86	
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MICROCOPY RESOLUTION TEST CHART
NATIONAL BUREAU OF STANDARDS
STANDARD REFERENCE MATERIAL 1010
(ANSI and ISO TEST CHART No. 2)



The Reason Why.

The change in the proprietorship of the *Argus* is a matter of public interest, and it is proper to inform the public why such a change was deemed advisable. The *Argus* was established as a Democratic paper, and should be the organ of the Democratic party in the county. The late proprietors had taken down the Democratic flag and professed to publish an independent paper. This was objectionable to the dominant political element in the county. But it was believed this movement foreshadowed an intention at no distant day to hoist the Republican flag. Whether this belief was well founded or not, may be questionable, but it was deemed proper that the better democratic county, should maintain a newspaper that would advocate the political faith of its party.

Every republican county in the State by its public patronage supports a political paper to advocate the doctrines of the republican party. In republican counties, an independent or a democratic paper is not suffered to live. It would be a burning shame to the public spirit and patriotism of the democracy of the banner democratic county not to maintain a political paper of its own creed. The democracy of Scott county so thought, and determined to establish a new paper. The late proprietors of the *Argus*, believing but one paper could be supported in that contingency, proposed to sell. The proposition was accepted, and thus the change in the proprietorship of the *Argus* was effected.

OUR FUTURE COURSE.

The *Argus* in the future will be conducted as a democratic paper, but politics will occupy but a very small portion of its columns. The *Argus* will be conducted as a home paper and will be the organ of the people of Scott county. A county news paper is a necessary home institution, and our paper will be so conducted in local and county matters as to be acceptable to all classes and welcomed in every neighborhood as the recorder of home events.

A Great Mistake—The Rail Road Bonds!

That huge swindle, the Minnesota Rail Road Bonds, had almost been forgotten by everybody and out of the State. It was generally conceded that they constituted no just claim against the people of the State. The very bonds themselves upon their face provided that the Rail Road Company, to whom issued, should make provision for the payment of the interest and principal so as to exonerate the State. This was notice to every body that the State did not expect or intend to pay them. Even the holders of those bonds admitted the swindle and fraud by which they were brought into existence. Our constitution had been amended prohibiting the Legislature making any provision for their payment without being submitted to the vote of the people. No one expected this payment by the State, and the financial world never cried "repudiation" against the State, but fully admitted the State was not justly bound to pay them. The large holders of these bonds,—the contractors and agents of the railroad companies—kept silent from shame.

Years passed by, and these bonds had not even been mentioned in the Legislature. They had sunk into oblivion, and there they should have been allowed to rest. But not the people had become prosperous, and speculation out of the people had become rife, and found the way the last Legislature. A huge swindle and fraud upon the people had been perpetrated in the issue of the rail road bonds, and a huge speculation was discovered in their "equitable adjustment." Some words to the speculators, but vinegar and worm-wood to the palate of the tax-ridden people. A bill was introduced into the Legislature through the speculators, entitled an "act for the equitable adjustment of the Rail Road Bonds." This is the great mistake! Those bonds ought never to have been noticed in the Legislature in any manner. But the speculators knew what they were up to in an "equitable adjustment." The rapers had been greased to avoid friction, and the bill became a law without discussion. The Legislature acted upon the bill in silence. The people never heard of any discussion of its merits in the Legislature. That Legislature seemed to have been muzzled. There was no discussion of the merits of the bill by the public press. The public men in those days seemed to have been greased or muzzled.

The Governor appointed the commissioners under the act to effect an "equitable adjustment." By some mistake or oversight, the commissioners happened to be good men. By a greater mistake on the part of the speculators, those commissioners seem not to have been, or could not be, greased. In this investigation they became astonished at the huge fraud in which the bonds had their origin. But they were more astonished at the manifest fraud in their pretended "equitable adjustment." The largest holders claimed the bonds cost them their full face value, yet the commissioners by their investigation were satisfied they did not cost the holders over thirty cents on the dollar. But who cares what the bonds cost the railroad companies or their agents—the contractors. The people never ought to pay them, and there can be no such thing as an equitable adjustment of that which is gross fraud. The people owe the full face of the bonds with accumulated interest of nine years, or they owe nothing. But a fraud constitutes no legal obligation. A fraud against the people. The people do not repudiate a debt—because this is no debt—

they only repudiate a fraud, and the world so understands it. The last Legislature committed a great mistake in the resurrection of that which was dead and forgotten, and ought to have remained buried in oblivion. The matter of these Rail Road Bonds, is again before the Legislature now in session, and we shall see what the future will bring forth.

RAILROAD RATES.—We learn from our exchanges that a bill has been introduced into the Wisconsin Legislature to limit the charges which the Railroad Companies are allowed to make for carrying freight and passengers. If this bill becomes a law, every road in the State will be compelled to carry freight in the order in which it is offered under heavy penalty.

According to the rates proposed, the tariff on wheat from La Crosse to Milwaukee will be 144 cents per bushel; on first-class freight, a little over 40 cents a hundred.

Who can tell what our Legislature will do about freights in this State.

THE NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD.—The Legislature of New York have instructed their delegation in Congress to support measures giving aid to build the Northern Pacific Rail Road. This road is of great importance to Minnesota, and we are glad to see the Empire State taking such action and hope Congress will soon recollect there is a Northwest as well as a negro.

The Senate having called for the Seward-McCracken correspondence, the President has sent to the Senate G. W. McCracken's letter to the President, from which it appears that most of our Foreign Ministers hail from New England, and openly abuse our "government"—the President. Such conduct on the part of our foreign representatives is a public disgrace. Every man of them ought to be removed without delay.

The New York Post gives a condensed account of the Tariff Bill in these terms:

This atrocious swindle upon the farmers, mechanics, and working men of the United States ought to be called "a bill to still further increase the prevailing high prices, and to grind the faces of American workmen." That will be its effect, if it becomes a law. It will still further raise prices, add greatly to the cost of home production, thereby entirely disable us from trading with the rest of the world, and make the country poorer and poorer all the time.

Legislative Proceedings.
SATURDAY, FEB. 9.—A joint committee was appointed to enquire in propriety of calling a convention to revise the constitution of the State.

House bill to protect butter and cheese manufacturers. Passed.
House bill for an act to promote immigration. Passed.
House bill for an act to amend chapter 12 of the General Statutes relating to roads, cart ways and bridges. Passed—ayes 33, nays 5.

SENATE BILLS PASSED.
To authorize the Minnesota Valley Rail Road Company to construct a branch from Mankato to the South line of Faribault county. Ayes 16.
To authorize the Southern Minnesota Rail Road to bridge the Mississippi river. Ayes 12.
To amend General Statutes in relation to Corporations. Ayes 13, nays 2.

MONDAY, FEB. 11.—In the House the bill providing for the record of deeds and mortgages to and from Railroad companies, in the office of the Secretary of State at St. Paul instead of in the county where the premises are situated. Passed.
There is a great public wrong lurking in this bill, which we will notice in the future.

TUESDAY, FEB. 12.—In the Senate—nothing accomplished.
In the House the following bills were passed:
House bill to amend the general statutes relative to the duties of the Adjutant General. Passed.
House bill to amend section 7 of the general statutes relating to deeds and mortgages. Passed—ayes 19, nays 8.

Senate bill for an act to provide compensation for county surveyors in this State.—Passed—ayes 35, nays 1.
WEDNESDAY, FEB. 13.—In the Senate the following bills were passed:
In relation to taxes in Monongalia. Passed ayes 14.
To amend statutes in relation to appointment. Passed, ayes 12, nays 1.

To amend statutes relating to the preservation of game. Laid upon the table.
To authorize the Board of Education of Red Wing School District to issue bonds. Passed, ayes 16.
To authorize the trustees of the several school districts of this State to issue bonds. Passed, ayes 14, nays 2.

HOUSE BILLS ON THIRD READING.
To change the time of holding the district court in Washington county. Passed—ayes 14.
To authorize the county commissioners of Washington county to issue bonds for the erection of county buildings. Passed—ayes 16.
A large amount of business was completed in the House to-day. The following bills

having previously passed the Senate, passed the House to-day:

Joint resolution to authorize the agents of the University of Minnesota to make a certain contract. Amended by unanimous consent and passed—ayes 38, nays 3.
To authorize the trustees of the village of Mankato to issue bonds to the amount of \$5,000 to raise money to comply with the act for the establishment of the second State Normal School. Passed, ayes 29, nays 7.

To authorize the several officers of Monongalia county to hold their offices at their respective residences. Passed.
To amend the general statutes establishing terms of the district court in the 4th judicial district. Passed.
To amend the act to incorporate the House of Refuge of the State of Minnesota. Passed.
To authorize the Supervisors of the town of Mankato, Houston county, to issue bonds for the purpose of building a bridge across the south fork of Root river. Passed.

To amend section 6, of title 1, chapter 61 of the general statutes relative to judges of courts of record. Passed, ayes 33, nays 1.
To fix the time for holding the terms of the district court for the county of Freeborn. Passed.

The following House bills were to-day called up in the House, and passed:
To amend section one of chapter ten of the general statutes, relative to town organizations. Passed.
Joint resolution relative to the return of certain fees improperly taken by the United States land officers from settlers on railroad lands. Passed.

Memorial to Congress for a mail route from Glencoe via Penn, Collins and Preston Lake to Grand Rapids. Passed.
Memorial to Congress for a mail route from Minneapolis to Big Stone Lake. Passed.
Memorial for a mail route from Waverly, Wright county, to Glencoe, McLeod county. Passed.

John Schwa tz,
MERCHANT TAYLOR.
FIRST STREET. SHAKOPEE, MINN.
A new and selected stock of Cloths, Coats and Suits Furnishing Goods.
Fall and Winter Styles.
CLOTHING MADE TO ORDER.
Shakopee, Nov. 1st, 1866.

NEW STORE
AT
SPRING LAKE!
BY JOSEPH THORNTON.
I have just received a large stock of No. 1 DRY GOODS, HATS, CAPS, SHOES, CROCKERY, CUT GLASS, &c. &c. Can be bought outside of the State at a reasonable rate. The Bar will always be supplied with the choicest Wines, Liquors and Cigars. Opening Late, Nov. 18th, 1866.

Concert Hall.
SHAKOPEE, MINN.
BEN. ENDREHS, Prop'r.
This large and splendidly fitted up Hall, is centrally located, and one of the best in the State. Can be used as a reasonable rate. For Rent, Supper, Concert, Social, &c. &c. Can be engaged either by person or by letter. Address: BEN. ENDREHS, Shakopee, Minn.

UNION
Billiard Hall
AND
Restaurant,
BY JOHN EDERT & CO.,
FIRST STREET, SHAKOPEE, MINN.
Just furnished with two new "Phelan Billiard Tables" of steel, marble, rollers, &c. &c. Also, a complete set of crockery, glassware, &c. &c. The Bar will always be supplied with the choicest Wines, Liquors and Cigars. Opening Late, Nov. 18th, 1866.

W. L. GRANT'S
RESTAURANT
AND
BILLIARD HALL.
UP-STAIRS, ABOVE HUNTERMAN'S STORE.
Dinner, Supper, and Billiard Tables. The Finest Liquors, Cigars, and FINEST OYSTERS constantly on hand.
FREE LUNCH MORNING AND EVENING.
Opposite the "National Hotel."
Shakopee, Nov. 1st, 1866.

C. E. BUSSEE.
SHAKOPEE, MINN.
DEALER IN
DRY GOODS AND GROCERIES,
CROCKERY, DRIED FRUIT,
BOOTS AND SHOES, HATS AND CAPS,
ETC., ETC., ETC.
I sell Goods as cheap as they can be obtained at any place in town. The highest prices paid for all kinds of country produce. CALL AND EXAMINE MY STOCK.
Shakopee, Dec. 18th, 1866.

DR. J. A. VERVAIS,
Physician & Practical Surgeon,
ST. PAUL, MINNESOTA.
Office—Corner of 9th and Wabasha Streets
Office hours from 7 to 10 A. M. and from 12 to 3 P. M.
Particular attention to General Reformation, such as Piles and Stricture, &c. &c.

DR. WINCHELL'S
TEETHING SYRUP.
The safest, best and most reliable medicine ever discovered for infants in children while TEETHING. It will cure Diarrhea, Cholera, Infantum, Wind Colic, Canker, Mouth, Pains in the Stomach, &c. &c. Sold by all Druggists and Dealers everywhere.
FILLER, FISH & FULLER, Wholesale Druggists, Chicago, Agents for the Northwestern States, to whom orders may be addressed.

ROBACK'S
BITTERS
CURE
DYSPEPSIA,
AND ARE THE BEST TONIC IN THE WORLD.
ROBACK'S
BLOOD
CURE
SICK
HEADACHE,
Constipation, and all diseases of the bowels.
ROBACK'S
BLOOD
PURIFIER
CURES
SCROFULA
and all diseases arising from impure blood.

U. S. PROPRIETARY MEDICINE COMPANY,
(Successors to Dr. C. W. Roback.)
SOLE PROPRIETORS,
Nos. 55, 56, 57, 58, 59 & 62 East Third St.,
CINCINNATI, O.
Are Sold by all Druggists and Dealers in Patent Medicines EVERYWHERE.

ROBACK'S
BITTERS
CURE
DYSPEPSIA,
AND ARE THE BEST TONIC IN THE WORLD.

ROBACK'S
STOMACH
BITTERS!
CURE
DYSPEPSIA,
AND ARE THE BEST TONIC IN THE WORLD.

ROBACK'S
BLOOD
CURE
SICK
HEADACHE,
Constipation, and all diseases of the bowels.

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CHARLES HARTMAN,
FIRST STREET, SHAKOPEE, MINN.
DEALER IN
DRY GOODS
AND
GROCERIES,
BOOTS & SHOES, HATS & CAPS, CROCKERY, &c.
THE HIGHEST PRICE PAID FOR COUNTRY PRODUCE.

D. M. STORER,
DEALER IN
Groceries & Provisions,
YANKEE NOTION,
FLOUR, MEAL, CHOPPED FEED, &c.
FIRST STREET, SHAKOPEE, MINN.
(Opposite the Post Office.)

J. H. Tibbits,
HOLMES STREET, SHAKOPEE, MINN.
DEALER IN
Watches, Clocks, Jewelry
Plated Ware,
ETC., ETC., ETC.
Repairs promptly made.

Also,
MILLINERY GOODS,
LADIES' FURNISHING GOODS,
Of all descriptions and the latest styles. Call and examine my splendid stock.
Repairing fashionably executed.

PETER GEYERMANN,
DEALER IN
DRY GOODS,
BOOTS & SHOES, CROCKERY, CLOTHING, &c.
HATS & CAPS, DRESS GOODS, COMBES, YANKEE NOTIONS, &c. &c.
SHAKOPEE, MINNESOTA.

FURS, FURS,
Of all kinds wanted, for which I will pay the highest PRICE IN CASH.
DENNIS McCANN,
SHAKOPEE, MINN.

Carriage & Wagon SHOP.
BLACKSMITHING, SHOEING, REPAIRING, &c.
The undersigned, having removed to their new shop, corner Lewis and Second Sts., would respectfully announce that they are now prepared to manufacture, or order, Buggies, Sulkies, one and two horse Wagons, Express Wagons, Fishes, Cutters, and everything required in the carriage line, at a reasonable rate. Having secured the services of a first class blacksmith, we are enabled to transfer the best quality of work, both manufacturing and repairing, Jobbing, Shoeing, &c., promptly and satisfactorily done. Thankful for past favors, we would solicit a continuance of the public patronage.
J. S. ALDRITT. ALDRITT & WOODBURY. F. WOODBURY.

ST. PETER'S
PATRIOTIC SCHOOL.
The Winter Term will begin
MONDAY, JANUARY 7TH,
and continue 12 weeks.
Miss L. C. Aldritt, teacher, has had superior advantages under Prof. Smith, of Minneapolis, (now of St. Louis), and is a practical teacher and disciplinarian. Terms, \$3.00 & \$4.00, according to grade—payable in advance.
EDWARD P. GRAY, Rector.

J. L. Wakefield
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON
SHAKOPEE, MINNESOTA.
Dr. J. L. Wakefield would respectfully announce to the people of Shakopee and vicinity, that from this date until further notice, he charges for operations, in ordinary cases, will be \$5.00. For day visit in town, 75 cents, and for visits to the country the price will be reduced in case of night. All calls promptly attended to, day and night. OFFICE at Hallow & Bro's Drug Store.
Shakopee, Dec. 6th, 1866.

D. L. HOW & BRO.
AT THE
"Old Drug Store."
Shakopee, Dec. 10th, 1866.

FALL AND WINTER STOCK.
AT
W. H. ANDERSON'S
"New York Store,"
FIRST STREET, SHAKOPEE.

Dry Goods,
AND
Bross Goods
active (be notice,) in every imaginable style, and in endless variety.
Having just received my stock, I can assure that I have a large stock of goods, and can sell lower than any other house in Shakopee. My Fall and Winter stock of

Hats & Caps.
AND
Boots & Shoes.
are arranged in a quality and price.

CALL.
and examine for yourselves, at a charge with privilege of looking at goods.

NUMBER ONE
Family Groceries, Fresh and New, always on hand.
Shakopee, Sept. 18th, 1866. W. H. ANDERSON.

GRAND
AND
LOFTY
TUMBLING!
IN THE
PRICES OF GOODS.

FALL AND WINTER STOCK.
AT
W. H. ANDERSON'S
"New York Store,"
FIRST STREET, SHAKOPEE.

Dry Goods,
AND
Bross Goods
active (be notice,) in every imaginable style, and in endless variety.
Having just received my stock, I can assure that I have a large stock of goods, and can sell lower than any other house in Shakopee. My Fall and Winter stock of

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AND
Boots & Shoes.
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CALL.
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Family Groceries, Fresh and New, always on hand.
Shakopee, Sept. 18th, 1866. W. H. ANDERSON.

GRAND
AND
LOFTY
TUMBLING!
IN THE
PRICES OF GOODS.

Our immense stock of Fancy and Holiday Goods, will be opened on the 14th inst. It is the largest, best assorted and cheapest stock of Goods in this valley. In consequence of the decline in goods, east, we have reduced our prices on all goods to correspond. Prices from and after this date for compounding prescriptions are as follows:
1 oz.—15c. 2 oz.—25c. 4 oz.—35c. to 50c.
6 oz.—50c. to 75c. 8 oz.—65c. to 1.00.
Prices reduced also on School Books, Paper and Inks, Wall and Curtain papers.

An experience of 19 years in the practical Drug Trade, and the immense stock of goods that we keep, and our ability to purchase goods low, gives us facilities for selling goods not surpassed by any Drug House in the State. Orders from Country Dealers solicited. Drugs, Patent Medicines, School Books, and Stationery Goods, wholesaled at St. Paul prices. Schools desiring to supply themselves with Books, if sent in one order, will be furnished at St. Paul wholesale prices.

Thankful for the liberal patronage bestowed upon us, we hope by low prices and honorable dealing to merit a continuance of the same.

D. L. HOW & BRO.
AT THE
"Old Drug Store."
Shakopee, Dec. 10th, 1866.

FALL AND WINTER STOCK.
AT
W. H. ANDERSON'S
"New York Store,"
FIRST STREET, SHAKOPEE.

Dry Goods,
AND
Bross Goods
active (be notice,) in every imaginable style, and in endless variety.
Having just received my stock, I can assure that I have a large stock of goods, and can sell lower than any other house in Shakopee. My Fall and Winter stock of

Hats & Caps.
AND
Boots & Shoes.
are arranged in a quality and price.

CALL.
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Family Groceries, Fresh and New, always on hand.
Shakopee, Sept. 18th, 1866. W. H. ANDERSON.

GRAND
AND
LOFTY
TUMBLING!
IN THE
PRICES OF GOODS.

ONE COPY, ONE YEAR	\$1.00
DO. SIX MONTHS	.75
DO. THREE MONTHS	.50
DO. IN ADVANCE	.25

ADVERTISING RATES.

Ten lines or less make a square.	1st	2d	3d	4th	5th	6th	7th	8th	9th	10th	11th	12th	13th	14th	15th	16th	17th	18th	19th	20th	21st	22nd	23rd	24th	25th	26th	27th	28th	29th	30th
1 week	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
2 weeks	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
3 months	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00
6 months	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00
1 year	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00

Advertisements inserted in the local columns, 10 cts. a line. Local notices same rate. Announcements of marriages and deaths inserted free, when copy is furnished; not otherwise. Special rates, by contract, for large advertisements. All accounts due and payable quarterly. Job work to be paid on delivery of the work.

1867.
Prospectus of the
ST. PAUL PRESS,
Daily, Tri-Weekly and Weekly.

This paper is universally recognized as the LEADING ORGAN OF THE REPUBLICAN PARTY, and the best most enterprising, and most widely circulated Newspaper in Minnesota.

The Republican party of Minnesota constitutes two-thirds of its voting and fully four-fifths of its newspaper reading population. If this largely dominant party the ST. PAUL PRESS—the only Republican Journal published at the Capital—is the recognized organ. Therefore, all persons, the State, and the Nation upon the banner of the principle of

EQUAL RIGHTS FOR ALL
And while fighting the great battle through God will to the end, it promises hereafter to furnish the only reliable source of information for the Republican party. To this end we have made extensive arrangements for and are now in receipt of

TERMS.
Daily, one year, \$10.00, six months, \$6.00, three months, \$3.50.
Tri-weekly—One copy one year at the rate of \$15.00.
Weekly—One copy one year at the rate of \$10.00.
All copies sent by mail.
Club of Ten Copies to address one year 12.00
Club of Twenty Copies to address one year 22.00
An extra copy is to be placed gratis to clubs of twenty

CURRENT NEWS ITEMS.

Personal and Literary.

Henry Ward Beecher is to be buried by the Buffalo Lyceum for failing to keep a lecture engagement.

Time Memphis *Appeal* has been purchased by John H. Hagan, of Missouri. Albert Pike will be its future editor.

Charles Anderson, an intemperate wood-sawyer of Fairfield, Iowa, has fallen heir to a fortune of \$100,000 in Sweden.

Maurice Pasquian Turpin is said to be greatly distressed at the violent manner in which he has been criticized of late years.

Is the New York Chess Tournament, Capt. G. H. Mackenzie is ahead, having won twenty-one out of twenty-three games.

Mr. R. H. Olmstead and Miss Martha T. Hale, of East Hartford, Conn., were united in matrimony on January 1st, after a courtship of twenty years.

Colonel Dax G. Taylor, ex-Mayor of St. Louis, drew a valuable prize in the Crosby rally. He is a brother-in-law of the man who won the Open House.

Mrs. Mason W. Wadsworth of Washington, formerly Mrs. Stephen A. Douglas, recently celebrated the first anniversary of her last marriage by giving birth to twins.

From Douglas's eyes he is not permitted now, as formerly, to enjoy the luxury of a whole seat when travelling. Some people really prefer sitting next a "bigger" to standing.

H. F. James, who founded the city of Janesville, Wisconsin, in 1836, soon afterwards emigrated to the Pacific coast, and now writes to the city of Janesville, Wis., that, although he is 63 years of age, he has never yet seen a railroad or a telegraph.

Among the wealthy old men of Pennsylvania is old John DeBennhoff, whose income, estimated from the present production of his oil farm, is not less than \$400,000 per year. He still lives in his antiquated Dutch homestead, near the head of Bennefont Run.

The *Pittsburgh Chronicle* says that Henry Motts, the young man who wagered forty dollars, last summer, that he would stand on a post twenty-four hours and who was removed by the police after being up ten hours, has accomplished the feat for a wage of one hundred dollars.

The value of the estate of the late Edward Mott Robinson, whose will is just admitted to probate at New York, his daughter Betty having withdrawn her share, is estimated to be \$1,000,000.

The will, as now finally settled, leaves Miss Betty \$500,000 in her own right.

A gossip story is told of a Glasgow merchant, who on his death bed sent for a clergyman of the Scotch Free Church. Having some fears regarding his future prospects, he asked the reverend minister, "Do you think, if I were to leave \$100,000 to the Free Kirk, my soul would be saved?" "Well," answered the cautious minister, "I cannot say, but I think it is an experiment well worth trying."

A story is told of Stewart, the dry-goods millionaire, that knowing a certain article was rising, he sent to a Boston merchant to buy up everything of the kind that "he had."

He overlooked the putting up of his own name, however, and corresponded to the Bostonian until it came, and bought half of Stewart's own stock at two cents a yard less than market rates, before the merchant prince found it out. Stewart had to buy his own goods at an advance.

Domestic Paragraphs.

No poodles next year in Western New York. The cold weather has killed them.

A lad in Louisville had an arm broken last week by a wet snow-ball.

The latest incident in the series in New York is the introduction of beef tea.

A western justice, who is also an undertaker, horrified a bride couple by coming to the house in a hearse.

The Maine legislature passed "relief" looking to the abolition of all distinction between the sexes in the matter of suffrage.

The Albany underwriters have made a standing offer of a reward of \$1,000 for the conviction of every incendiary in that city.

Deaths from the explosion of camphene and kerosene lamps were never more common in the country than here this winter.

A Miss Rose-Skinner has recovered \$15,000 damages from the city of Irvington, Ky., for injuries sustained by falling into an unfinished sewer.

California persists in all sorts of contrivances. Up in the Sierras they have been having violent snow storms, with vigorous thunder and lightning.

Since the morgue was opened in New York city on the 21st of June, there have been received 7,000 bodies, which were identified and buried unrecognized.

The body of the wife of John Brink, buried near Fairfield, Iowa, about twenty years ago, was exhumed a few days since, and discovered to be petrified to solid stone.

A Chicago factory is to be started at Lynchburg, Va., which is to be operated by lame and otherwise disabled persons, whose labor is exempt by law from taxation.

A man in Ohio, in attempting to steal a hog from its pen, was attacked in force by the other porkers and was killed, leaving his trousers in the mouth of the enemy.

The American Watch Company, at Waltham, Mass., make two hundred and fifty watches a day, and employ seven hundred persons of whom one-third are women.

The New York fashion of New Year's cards was adopted with great success in the Rocky Mountain settlements of Colorado this year. The ladies got themselves up "pizina" fine.

A fortune of \$300,000 awaits the claim of Dr. Benjamin E. Patterson, at Mobile, Ala. He has been heard from at Bermuda Hundred in 1864, when he was a surgeon in the army.

From only fourteen colleges, four thousand four hundred and ninety-eight alumni and students went to the war. Oberlin sent seven hundred, of whom one hundred fell in the service.

On one of the routes in Peru, Mass., after a storm, there was a drift so large that it was found necessary to tunnel it. After 24,000 feet of excavation an arch road was made through it.

A single hole in Nevada is turning out more silver and gold annually than did the famous mines of Potosi in their palmy days, and which at one time built up a city of 100,000 inhabitants.

The latest victims of the folly of making fires with kerosene are Mrs. Hills, of Roseville, Venango county, Pa., and Mary Dunlap, a girl in her employ. Both were horribly burned to death.

A young reprobate at West Windsor, Vt., induced a nice old lady, named Martha Monton, to dress on his neck, and while she was about it he pulled her pocket of \$218. He went to prison.

[Each one of the twenty millions of people in the North would destroy a five cent currency note daily, it would amount to a million of dollars in a day towards the liquidation of the national debt.]

Rosine Parker, conductor on the New Jersey train under which the late Theodore Dwight, of Brooklyn, was killed, has sued the New York *Times* for libel, on account of its comments on that occurrence.

John Gray, the old Revolutionary veteran of Noble county, Ohio, is to receive a pension of \$200. Daniel F. Baker, of New York, another youngster of one hundred and seven years, has also had the same amount awarded him.

Foreign Gossip.

The cypress of Somma, in Lombardy, is the oldest tree on record, being more than 1,000 years old.

Almost everybody is going to Europe. It is estimated that at least 10,000 New Yorkers will be in Paris next summer.

The death of seventeen infants, all of whom had been "accidentally suffocated in bed," were registered in London in one week.

Our Minister at London is deluged with letters from Paris, begging him to assist them to return to the United States.

Credition tells us of a Parisian woman who never had experienced an affair of the heart until she was seventy-four, and the fury of her passion then caused her to commit suicide.

A one-eyed lady, otherwise a proper child, was recently born at Ottawa, C. W. The "orb" was situated in the centre of its forehead, an inch and a half from the roof of the nose.

An invalid in France, who sold a free pass over a railroad, that had been given him by the company and the man who bought, have both been sentenced to three months' imprisonment.

The Prussians are so unpopular at Frankfurt, that when the burghers give a party they send out a notice "S. P. Prussians" in the corner.

The Duke de Dime used to keep a supply of two thousand seven hundred waives, which he gave away to the poor.

An English manufacturer, lecturing to his neighbors on this country, on the first of January, said that he had a supply of memoranda which he made in his diary, after seeing the United States, was that it was not to send a fool to America.

A young man in Paris who wanted to drown his dog took him in a boat and threw him overboard. While pushing the animal from the boat with his oar, he fell backward, and would have drowned had not his dog held him up till assistance came.

A correspondent of the London *Journal* writes that at a party given to prevent hydrophobia, in reply, a suggestion that he once prevented a case of this dreadful malady by getting on a four-legged horse and staying until the dog had left.

A Bohemian was recently murdered by his wife, who was aided by his son and daughter. She attacked him with a spoon when he was in the bath, and the son followed it up by throwing him down stairs.

The wife's excuse was her husband's deafness, which made him practically useless. She was a French girl, and the husband was a Bohemian.

The Quebec *News* states that the Fire Relief Committee has reached the climax of its audacity in deciding, in total disregard of every principle of honor, to raise \$200,000 for the relief of the fire victims.

A Turkish gambler won, in Paris, in one of the fashionable gambling houses, nearly 1,000,000 francs. The Emperor was informed of it on the next morning.

The Emperor was informed of it on the next morning. He was so angry that he ordered the gambler to be executed.

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THE MARKETS.

Chicago, February 18, 1887.
WHEAT—Spring No. 2, 1.20; No. 3, 1.15; No. 4, 1.10; No. 5, 1.05; No. 6, 1.00; No. 7, 1.00; No. 8, 1.00; No. 9, 1.00; No. 10, 1.00; No. 11, 1.00; No. 12, 1.00; No. 13, 1.00; No. 14, 1.00; No. 15, 1.00; No. 16, 1.00; No. 17, 1.00; No. 18, 1.00; No. 19, 1.00; No. 20, 1.00; No. 21, 1.00; No. 22, 1.00; No. 23, 1.00; No. 24, 1.00; No. 25, 1.00; No. 26, 1.00; No. 27, 1.00; No. 28, 1.00; No. 29, 1.00; No. 30, 1.00; No. 31, 1.00; No. 32, 1.00; No. 33, 1.00; No. 34, 1.00; No. 35, 1.00; No. 36, 1.00; No. 37, 1.00; No. 38, 1.00; No. 39, 1.00; No. 40, 1.00; No. 41, 1.00; No. 42, 1.00; No. 43, 1.00; No. 44, 1.00; No. 45, 1.00; No. 46, 1.00; No. 47, 1.00; No. 48, 1.00; No. 49, 1.00; No. 50, 1.00; No. 51, 1.00; No. 52, 1.00; No. 53, 1.00; No. 54, 1.00; No. 55, 1.00; No. 56, 1.00; No. 57, 1.00; No. 58, 1.00; No. 59, 1.00; No. 60, 1.00; No. 61, 1.00; No. 62, 1.00; No. 63, 1.00; No. 64, 1.00; No. 65, 1.00; No. 66, 1.00; No. 67, 1.00; No. 68, 1.00; No. 69, 1.00; No. 70, 1.00; No. 71, 1.00; No. 72, 1.00; No. 73, 1.00; 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TERMS:
ONE COPY, ONE YEAR, \$1.00
do do do, THREE MONTHS, .50
do do do, SIX MONTHS, .75
ADVERTISING IN ADVANCE.

Advertising Rates.
Ten lines or less make a square.

Legal and Government advertisements, 10 cents per line for the first insertion, and 5 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Notices of 2 lines or less, 10 cents per line for the first insertion, and 5 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Notices of 3 lines or less, 15 cents per line for the first insertion, and 7 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Notices of 4 lines or less, 20 cents per line for the first insertion, and 10 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Notices of 5 lines or less, 25 cents per line for the first insertion, and 12 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Notices of 6 lines or less, 30 cents per line for the first insertion, and 15 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Notices of 7 lines or less, 35 cents per line for the first insertion, and 17 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Notices of 8 lines or less, 40 cents per line for the first insertion, and 20 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Notices of 9 lines or less, 45 cents per line for the first insertion, and 22 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Notices of 10 lines or less, 50 cents per line for the first insertion, and 25 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Notices of 11 lines or less, 55 cents per line for the first insertion, and 27 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Notices of 12 lines or less, 60 cents per line for the first insertion, and 30 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Notices of 13 lines or less, 65 cents per line for the first insertion, and 32 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Notices of 14 lines or less, 70 cents per line for the first insertion, and 35 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Notices of 15 lines or less, 75 cents per line for the first insertion, and 37 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Notices of 16 lines or less, 80 cents per line for the first insertion, and 40 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Notices of 17 lines or less, 85 cents per line for the first insertion, and 42 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Notices of 18 lines or less, 90 cents per line for the first insertion, and 45 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Notices of 19 lines or less, 95 cents per line for the first insertion, and 47 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Notices of 20 lines or less, 1.00 per line for the first insertion, and 50 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Notices of 21 lines or less, 1.05 per line for the first insertion, and 52 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Notices of 22 lines or less, 1.10 per line for the first insertion, and 55 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Notices of 23 lines or less, 1.15 per line for the first insertion, and 57 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Notices of 24 lines or less, 1.20 per line for the first insertion, and 60 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Notices of 25 lines or less, 1.25 per line for the first insertion, and 62 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Notices of 26 lines or less, 1.30 per line for the first insertion, and 65 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Notices of 27 lines or less, 1.35 per line for the first insertion, and 67 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Notices of 28 lines or less, 1.40 per line for the first insertion, and 70 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Notices of 29 lines or less, 1.45 per line for the first insertion, and 72 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Notices of 30 lines or less, 1.50 per line for the first insertion, and 75 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Notices of 31 lines or less, 1.55 per line for the first insertion, and 77 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Notices of 32 lines or less, 1.60 per line for the first insertion, and 80 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Notices of 33 lines or less, 1.65 per line for the first insertion, and 82 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Notices of 34 lines or less, 1.70 per line for the first insertion, and 85 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Notices of 35 lines or less, 1.75 per line for the first insertion, and 87 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Notices of 36 lines or less, 1.80 per line for the first insertion, and 90 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Notices of 37 lines or less, 1.85 per line for the first insertion, and 92 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Notices of 38 lines or less, 1.90 per line for the first insertion, and 95 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Notices of 39 lines or less, 1.95 per line for the first insertion, and 97 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Notices of 40 lines or less, 2.00 per line for the first insertion, and 1.00 per line for each subsequent insertion.

Notices of 41 lines or less, 2.05 per line for the first insertion, and 1.02 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Notices of 42 lines or less, 2.10 per line for the first insertion, and 1.05 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Notices of 43 lines or less, 2.15 per line for the first insertion, and 1.07 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Notices of 44 lines or less, 2.20 per line for the first insertion, and 1.10 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Notices of 45 lines or less, 2.25 per line for the first insertion, and 1.12 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Notices of 46 lines or less, 2.30 per line for the first insertion, and 1.15 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Notices of 47 lines or less, 2.35 per line for the first insertion, and 1.17 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Notices of 48 lines or less, 2.40 per line for the first insertion, and 1.20 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Notices of 49 lines or less, 2.45 per line for the first insertion, and 1.22 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Notices of 50 lines or less, 2.50 per line for the first insertion, and 1.25 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Notices of 51 lines or less, 2.55 per line for the first insertion, and 1.27 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Notices of 52 lines or less, 2.60 per line for the first insertion, and 1.30 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Notices of 53 lines or less, 2.65 per line for the first insertion, and 1.32 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Notices of 54 lines or less, 2.70 per line for the first insertion, and 1.35 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Notices of 55 lines or less, 2.75 per line for the first insertion, and 1.37 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Notices of 56 lines or less, 2.80 per line for the first insertion, and 1.40 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Notices of 57 lines or less, 2.85 per line for the first insertion, and 1.42 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Notices of 58 lines or less, 2.90 per line for the first insertion, and 1.45 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Notices of 59 lines or less, 2.95 per line for the first insertion, and 1.47 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Notices of 60 lines or less, 3.00 per line for the first insertion, and 1.50 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Notices of 61 lines or less, 3.05 per line for the first insertion, and 1.52 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Notices of 62 lines or less, 3.10 per line for the first insertion, and 1.55 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Notices of 63 lines or less, 3.15 per line for the first insertion, and 1.57 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Notices of 64 lines or less, 3.20 per line for the first insertion, and 1.60 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Notices of 65 lines or less, 3.25 per line for the first insertion, and 1.62 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Notices of 66 lines or less, 3.30 per line for the first insertion, and 1.65 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Notices of 67 lines or less, 3.35 per line for the first insertion, and 1.67 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Notices of 68 lines or less, 3.40 per line for the first insertion, and 1.70 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Notices of 69 lines or less, 3.45 per line for the first insertion, and 1.72 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Notices of 70 lines or less, 3.50 per line for the first insertion, and 1.75 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Notices of 71 lines or less, 3.55 per line for the first insertion, and 1.77 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Notices of 72 lines or less, 3.60 per line for the first insertion, and 1.80 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Notices of 73 lines or less, 3.65 per line for the first insertion, and 1.82 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Notices of 74 lines or less, 3.70 per line for the first insertion, and 1.85 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Notices of 75 lines or less, 3.75 per line for the first insertion, and 1.87 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Notices of 76 lines or less, 3.80 per line for the first insertion, and 1.90 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Notices of 77 lines or less, 3.85 per line for the first insertion, and 1.92 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Notices of 78 lines or less, 3.90 per line for the first insertion, and 1.95 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Notices of 79 lines or less, 3.95 per line for the first insertion, and 1.97 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Notices of 80 lines or less, 4.00 per line for the first insertion, and 2.00 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Notices of 81 lines or less, 4.05 per line for the first insertion, and 2.02 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Notices of 82 lines or less, 4.10 per line for the first insertion, and 2.05 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Notices of 83 lines or less, 4.15 per line for the first insertion, and 2.07 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Notices of 84 lines or less, 4.20 per line for the first insertion, and 2.10 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Legislative Proceedings.

SENATE. Feb. 26.—Senate bills on third reading.

Amending the general statutes in relation to

gambling. Passed. To amend general

statutes in relation to preservation of game.

Passed. To incorporate the city of

St. Paul, and to repeal its former charter.

Passed. To define the powers and duties of

the Board of Health of the city of St. Paul.

Passed. To amend section 15, chapter 95 of the

general statutes concerning offences against

property. Passed.

HOUSE. Feb. 26.—House bills on third reading.

To amend section 6, chapter 19 of the general

statutes relating to estrays, unclaimed

property and beasts doing damage. Passed,

ayes 31, nays 13. To amend section 13, chapter

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GRAND AND LOFTY TUMBLING!

PRICES OF GOODS.

Our immense stock of Fancy and Holiday Goods, will be opened on the 14th inst. It is the largest, best assorted and cheapest stock of Goods in this valley. In consequence of the decline in goods, east, we have reduced our prices on all goods to correspond. Prices from and after this date for compounding prescriptions are as follows:

1 oz.—15c. 2 oz.—25c. 4 oz.—35 to 50c.

6 oz.—50 to 75c. 8 oz.—65c. to 1.00.

Prices reduced also on School Books, Paper and Inks, Wall and Curtain papers.

An experience of 19 years in the practical Drug Trade, and the immense stock of goods that we keep, and our ability to purchase goods low, gives us facilities for selling goods not surpassed by any Drug House in the State. Orders from Country Dealers solicited. Drugs, Patent Medicines, School Books, and Stationery Goods, wholesale at St. Paul prices. Schools desiring to supply themselves with Books, if sent in one order, will be furnished at St. Paul wholesale prices.

Thankful for the liberal patronage bestowed upon us, we hope by low prices and honorable dealing to merit a continuance of the same.

D. L. HOW & BRO.

"Old Drug Store."

Shakopee, Dec. 10th, 1866.

FALL AND WINTER STOCK.

AT W. H. ANDERSON'S SHAKOPEE, MINN.

Dealer in

WATCHES,

CLOCKS,

JEWELRY,

Plated Ware.

Repairs promptly made.

CALL ALSO.

MILLINERY GOODS,

—AND—

LADIES' FURNISHING GOODS.

Of all descriptions, and the latest styles. Call and examine my splendid stock.

Repairing fashionably executed.

JACOB RIES.

Restaurant and Saloon, First street, Shakopee.

Will serve up at all hours, the most delicate and choice of the season, such as roasts, broils, steaks, chops, etc., etc.

Shakopee, Sept. 19th, 1866.

W. H. ANDERSON.

P. Geyermann, DEALER IN DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, Boots & Shoes, Hats & Caps, Dress Goods, YANKKEE NOTIONS, Queensware, Crockery, CUTLERY, SPICES, etc. etc. etc. SHAKOPEE, MINN.

J. H. TIBBITS,

Holmes Street,

SHAKOPEE, MINN.

Dealer in

WATCHES,

CLOCKS,

JEWELRY,

Plated Ware.

Repairs promptly made.

CALL ALSO.

MILLINERY GOODS,

—AND—

LADIES' FURNISHING GOODS.

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Restaurant and Saloon, First street, Shakopee.

Will serve up at all hours, the most delicate and choice of the season, such as roasts, broils, steaks, chops, etc., etc.

Shakopee, Sept. 19th, 1866.

W. H. ANDERSON.

MORTGAGE SALE.

Name of Mortgagor—N. Yost and Eva Yost, his wife, of Scott County, Minn.

Name of Mortgagee—Mathias Martz, of Monroe, Wisconsin.

Date of Mortgage—January 21, 1867.

Said mortgage was recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Scott County, on the 31 day of August, 1866, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, in Book "27" of Mortgages, page 131.

